# **Vidyasagar University**

## Curriculum for B.Sc. (Honours) in Zoology [Choice Based Credit System]

## Semester-VI

Course	Course Code	Name of the Subjects	Course Type/ Nature	Teaching Scheme in hour per week			Credit	Marks
				L	T	P		
CC- 13		C13T: Developmental Biology	Core Course-13	4	0	0	6	75
		- Lab		0	0	4		
CC- 14		C14T: Evolutionary Biology	Core Course-14	4	0	0	6	75
		- Lab		0	0	4		
DSE-3		TBD	Discipline Specific Elective - 3	4	0	0	6	75
				0	0	4		
DSE-4		TBD	Discipline Specific Elective -4	4	0	0	6	75
				0	0	4		
Semester Total							24	300

L= Lecture, T= Tutorial, P= Practical, CC- Core Course, TBD- To be decided, DSE: Discipline Specific Elective.

## Semester-VI

## List of Core Course (CC)

**CC-13: Developmental Biology** 

**CC-14: Evolutionary Biology** 

## Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

**DSE-3: Parasitology** 

Or

**DSE-3: Endocrinology** 

**DSE-4: Biology of Insects** 

Or

**DSE-4: Wild Life Conservation and Management** 

## Semester-VI

### Core Courses (CC)

## **CC-13: Developmental Biology**

Credits 06

C13T: Developmental Biology

Credits 04

#### **Course Contents:**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction**

Basic concepts: Phases of Development, Cell cell interaction, Differentiation and growth, Differential gene expression.

### **Unit 2: Early Embryonic Development**

Gametogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External and Internal): Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula; Fate maps (including Techniques); Early development of frog and chick up to gastrulation; Embryonic induction and organizers.

## **Unit 3: Late Embryonic Development**

Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in birds; Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta).

## **Unit 4: Post Embryonic Development**

Development of brain and Eye in Vertebrate. Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each).

## **Unit 5: Implications of Developmental Biology 8 Class**

Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development; In vitro fertilization, Stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA
- 2. Slack JMW, Essential Developmental Biology Inc.,

### C13P: Developmental Biology Lab

Credits 02

- 1. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and Hamburger stages).
- 2. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of Drosophila from stock culture.
- 3. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicropgraph/ slides).
- 4. Project report on Drosophila culture/chick embryo development.

C14T: Evolutionary Biology

Credits 04

#### **Course Contents:**

## **Evolutionary Biology**

**Unit-1:** Life's Beginnings: Chemogeny, RNA world, Biogeny, Origin of photosynthesis, volution of eukaryotes.

Unit-2: Historical review of Evolutionary concepts, Lamarkism, Darwinism and Neo Darwinism.

**Unit-3:** Geological time scale, Fossil records of Hominids (from *Australopithacus* to *Homo sapiens*), evolution of horse. Neutral theory of molecular evolution, Molecular clock.

Unit-4: Sources of variations: Heritable variations and their role in evolution.

**Unit-5:** Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg Law (statement and derivation of equation, application Of law to biallelic Population); Evolutionary forces upsetting H-W equilibrium; Natural selection (concept of fitness, types of selection, selection coefficient, mode of selection heterozygous superiority). Genetic Drift mechanism (founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon). Role of Migration and Mutation in changing allele frequencies.

**Unit-6:** Species concept, Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation. Adaptive radiation /macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches).

**Unit-7:** Extinctions, Back ground and mass extinctions (causes and effects), detailed example of K-T extinction.

**Unit-8:** Origin and Evolution of Man, Unique Hominin characteristics contrasted with primate characteristic Molecular analysis of human origin.

**Unit-9:** Phylogenetic trees, Construction & interpretation of Phylogenetic tree using parsimony, Convergent & Divergent evolution.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- 2. Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.
- **3.** Geneics: A Molecular Approach. 3<sup>rd</sup> edition. Peter. J. Russell.

## C14P: Evolutionary Biology Lab

Credits 02

- 1. Study of fossils from models/ pictures
- 2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens
- 3. Study and verification of Hardy-Weinberg Law by chi square analysis
- 4. Graphical representation and interpretation of data of height/ weight of a sample of 100 humans in relation to their age and sex.

## Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

DSE-3: Parasitology Credits 06

DSE3T: Parasitology Credits 04

#### **Course Contents:**

#### **Unit-1: Introduction to Parasitology**

Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid and Vectors (mechanical and biological vector Host parasite relationship

#### **Unit-2: Parasitic Protists**

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Giardia intestinalis*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Leishmania donovani*.

#### **Unit-3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes**

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Schistosoma haematobium*, *Taenia sajinata* 

#### **Unit-4: Parasitic Nematodes**

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Ascaris lumbricoides*, *Ancylostoma duodenale*, *Wuchereria bancrofti* and *Trichinella spiralis*, *Brugia malayi*; Nematode plant interaction; Gall formation.

#### **Unit-5: Parasitic Arthropods**

Biology, importance and control of ticks (Soft tick *Ornithodoros*, Hard tick *Ixodes*), mites (*Sarcoptes*), Lice (*Pediculus*), Flea (*Xenopsylla*) and Bug (*Cimex*).

#### **Unit-6: Parasite Vertebrates**

Brief account of Cookicutter Shark, Hood Mocking bird, Vampire bat.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

**1.** Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors

- 2. E.R. Noble and G.A. Noble (1982) Parasitology: The biology of animal parasites. V Edition, Lea & Febiger
- 3. Ahmed, N., Dawson, M., Smith, C. and Wood, Ed. (2007) Biology of Disease.
- 4. Taylor and Francis Group
- 5. Parija, S. C. Textbook of medical parasitology, protozoology & helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai, Delhi
- 6. Rattan Lal Ichhpujani and Rajesh Bhatia. Medical Parasitology, III Edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7. Page66Meyer, Olsen & Schmidt's Essentials of Parasitology, Murray, D. Dailey, W.C. Brown Publishers.
- 8. K. D. Chatterjee (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.

#### **DSE3P: Parasitology Lab**

#### Credits 02

#### **List of Practical:**

- 1. Study of life stages of *Giardia intestinalis*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Leishmania donovani* through permanent slides/micro photographs.
- 2. Study of adult and life stages of *Schistosoma haematobium*, *Taenia sajinata* through permanent slides/micro photographs.
- 3. Study of adult and life stages of *Ancylostoma duodenale*, *Brugia malayi* and *Trichinella spiralis* through permanent slides/micro photographs.
- 4. Study of plant parasitic root knot nematode, Meloidogyne from the soil sample.
- 5. Study of *Pediculus humanus*, *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius* through permanent slides/ photographs.
- 6. Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh/marine fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by product of the industry].
- 7. Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird [Intestine can be procured from poultry/market as a by-product.

Submission of a brief report on parasitic vertebrates.

Or

## **DSE-3: Endocrinology**

Credits 06

#### **DSE3T: Endocrinology**

Credits 04

### **Course Contents:**

#### **Unit-1: Introduction to Endocrinology**

General idea of Endocrine systems, Classification, Characteristic and Transport of Hormones, Neurosecretions and Neurohormones

### Unit-2: Epiphysis, Hypothalamo-hypophysial Axis

Structure of pineal gland, Secretions and their functions in biological rhythms and reproduction. Structure and functions of hypothalamus and Hypothalamic nuclei, Regulation of neuroendocrine glands, Feedback mechanisms Structure of pituitary gland, Hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo-hypophysial portal system, Disorders of pituitary gland.

## **Unit-3: Peripheral Endocrine Glands**

Structure, Hormones, Functions and Regulation of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Thymus, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary and Testis. Hormones in homeostasis, Disorders of endocrine glands

#### **Unit-4: Regulation of Hormone Action**

Mechanism of action of steroidal, non-steroidal hormones with receptors. Bioassays of hormones using RIA & ELISA. Estrous cycle in rat and menstrual cycle in human. Multifaceted role of Vasopressin & Oxytocin. Hormonal regulation of parturition.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Guyton and Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology. 13th Edition
- 2. Histology: A Text and Atlas. Sixth Edition. Ross & Pawlina. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- **3.** Vertebrate Endocrinology by David O. Norris,

## **DSE3P: Endocrinology Lab**

Credits 02

#### **List of Practical**

- 1. Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory bred rat.
- 2. Study of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands
- 3. Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland
- 4. Estimation of plasma level of any hormone using ELISA.
- 5. Designing of primers of any hormone.

## **DSE-4: Biology of Insects**

Credits 06

**DSE4T: Biology of Insects** 

Credits 04

#### **Course Contents:**

#### **Unit-1: Introduction**

General Features of Insects. Distribution and Success of Insects on the Earth.

### **Unit-2: Insect Taxonomy**

Basis of insect classification; Classification of insects up to orders (according to Brusca and Brusca, 2016).

## **Unit-3: General Morphology of Insects**

External Features; Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits. Thorax: Wings and wing articulation, Types of Legs adapted to diverse habitat Abdominal appendages and genitalia.

#### **Unit-4: Physiology of Insects**

Structure and physiology of Insect body systems - Integumentary, digestive, excretory, circulatory, respiratory, endocrine, reproductive, and nervous system. Photoreceptors: Types, Structure and Function Metamorphosis: Types and Neuroendocrine control of metamorphosis.

#### **Unit-5: Insect Society**

Social insects with special reference to termites. Trophallaxis in social insects such as ants, termites and bees.

#### **Unit-6: Insect Plant Interaction**

Theory of co-evolution, role of allelochemicals in host plant mediation Host-plant selection by phytophagous insects, Major insect pests in paddy.

#### **Unit-7: Insects as Vectors**

Insects as mechanical and biological vectors, Brief discussion on houseflies and mosquitoes as important vectors.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. A general text book of entomology, Imms, A. D., Chapman & Hall, UK
- 2. The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press, UK
- 3. Principles of Insect Morphology, Snodgrass, R. E., Cornell Univ. Press, USA
- 4. Introduction to the study of insects, Borror, D. J., Triplehorn, C. A., and Johnson, N. F.,M , Saunders College Publication, USA
- 5. The Insect Societies, Wilson, E. O., Harward Univ. Press, UK
- 6. Host Selection by Phytophagous insects, Bernays, E. A., and Chapman, R. F., Chapman and Hall, New York, USA
- 7. Physiological system in Insects, Klowden, M. J., Academic Press, USA
- 8. The Insects, An outline of Entomology, Gullan, P. J. , and Cranston, P. S., Wiley Blackwell, UK
- 9. Insect Physiology and Biochemistry, Nation, J. L., CRC Press, USA
- 10. Mosquito, Chandra G (2000), Sribhumi Pub. Co.
- 11. Medical Entomology, Hati A. K., Allied Book Agency, 2010

[Note: Classification to be followed from IMMS A. D. (1938)]

#### **DSE4P:** Biology of Insects Lab

Credits 02

- 1. Study of life cycle of Mosquito
- 2. Study of different kinds of antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects
- 3. Mounting of insect wings, spiracles and genitalia of any insects
- 4. Methodology of collection, preservation and identification of insects.
- 5. Morphological studies of various castes of Apis, Camponotus Odontotermes
- 6. Study of major insect pests of paddy and their damages
- 7. Study of Mulberry silk moth as beneficial insect

Or

## **DSE-4: Wild Life Conservation and Management**

Credits 06

## DSE4T: Wild Life Conservation and Management

Credits 04

#### **Course Contents:**

#### **Unit-1: Introduction to Wild Life**

Values of wild life - positive and negative; Conservation ethics; Importance of conservation; Causes of depletion; World conservation strategies.

## Unit-2: Evaluation and management of wild life

Habitat analysis, Physical parameters: Topography, Geology, Soil and water Biological Parameters: food, cover, forage, browse and cover estimation. Standard evaluation procedures: remote sensing and GIS.

#### **Unit-3: Management of habitats**

Setting back succession; Grazing logging; Mechanical treatment; Advancing the successional process; Cover construction; Preservation of general genetic diversity Restoration of degraded habitats.

#### **Unit-4: Population estimation**

Population density, Natality, Birth rate, Mortality, fertility schedules and sex ratio computation; Faecal analysis of ungulates and carnivores; Pug marks and census method.

#### **Unit-5: Aims and objectives of wildlife conservation**

Wildlife conservation in India – through ages; different approaches of wildlife conservation; modes of conservation; in-situ conservation and ex-situ conservation: necessity for wildlife conservation.

## **Unit-6: Management planning of wild life in protected areas**

Estimation of carrying capacity; Eco tourism / wild life tourism in forests; Concept of climax persistence; Ecology of perturbence.

#### **Unit-7: Man and Wildlife**

Causes and consequences of human-wildlife conflicts; mitigation of conflict – an overview; Management of excess population.

#### **Unit-8: Protected areas**

National parks & sanctuaries, Community reserve; Important features of protected areas in India; Tiger conservation - Tiger reserves in India; Management challenges in Tiger reserve.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Caughley, G., and Sinclair, A.R.E. (1994). Wildlife Ecology and Management. Blackwell Science.
- 2. Woodroffe R., Thirgood, S. and Rabinowitz, A. (2005). People and Wildlife, Conflict or Co-existence? Cambridge University.
- 3. Bookhout, T.A. (1996). Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife and Habitats, 5 th edition. The Wildlife Society, Allen Press.
- 4. Sutherland, W.J. (2000). The Conservation Handbook: Research, Management and Policy. Blackwell Sciences
- 5. Hunter M.L., Gibbs, J.B. and Sterling, E.J. (2008). Problem-Solving in Conservation Biology and Wildlife Management: Exercises for Class, Field, and Laboratory. Blackwell Publishing.

## DSE4P: Wild Life Conservation and Management Lab Credits 02

- 1. Identification of flora, mammalian fauna, avian fauna, herpeto-fauna.
- 2. Demonstration of basic equipment needed in wildlife studies use, care and maintenance (Compass, Binoculars, Spotting scope, Range Finders, Global Positioning System, Various types of Cameras and lenses).
- 3. Familiarization and study of animal evidences in the field; Identification of animals through pug marks, hoof marks, scats, pellet groups, nest, antlers, etc.
- 4. Demonstration of different field techniques for flora and fauna.
- 5. PCQ, ten tree method, Circular, Square & rectangular plots, Parker's 2 Step and other methods for ground cover assessment, Tree canopy cover assessment, Shrub cover assessment.
- 6. Trail / transect monitoring for abundance and diversity estimation of mammals and bird (direct and indirect evidences).